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APPLICATION NO. FILING DA		NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/954,515	09	/17/2001	Hyung-Chul Choi	M0023/7000D	9063		
22832	7590	03/28/2003					
		OCKHART LLP	EXAM	EXAMINER			
75 STATE	STREET MA 02109-	1000	HON, SOW FUN				
BOSTON, I	VIA 02109-	1000					
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				1772			
			DATE MAILED: 03/28/2003				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)	- ()				
	_	09/954,515	CHOI ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Sow-Fun Hon	1772					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		with the correspondence address	;				
Period fo	• •							
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutely reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing department term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may by within the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mode, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communi ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.				
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Ti	his action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	rance except for formal m Ex parte Quayle, 1935 (natters, prosecution as to the me C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	rits is				
·	on of Claims							
•	Claim(s) 18-28 is/are pending in the application							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.						
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>18-28</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/oion Papers	or election requirement.						
	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 September 2001</u> is/		objected to by the Examiner.					
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)☐ approved b)☐	disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received.	•					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Bee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	е				
14) 🗌 <i>A</i>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	tic priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional appl	ication).				
) The translation of the foreign language pracknowledgment is made of a claim for domes							
Attachmen								
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 18-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. In independent claim 18:
 - a. The term "substantially" renders the claim indefinite and should be deleted;
 - b. It is unclear whether the term "index" refers to the refractive index of the material, in which case the claim should be amended for clarification.
 - c. It is unclear whether the term "metallic" means that the layer is formed of metals;
 - d. It is unclear whether the unit "ohms/square" denotes electrical conductivity or sheet resistance which normally has said unit.
- 4. In claim 19, it is unclear what the conductors conduct. Do they conduct electricity?
- 5. In claim 25, it is unclear whether the embodiment of the one surface of the substrate bearing at least one of a hard polymer coating and a layer of silica features the substrate surface away from the conductive layer. In addition, it is unclear whether the polymer coating and the layer of silica belong to a Markush group, in which case it should be rewritten as such, or whether there is both a polymer coating and a silica layer present.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 18-26, 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yatabe et al. (US 4,234,654).

Yatabe et al. teaches a transparent polyester (polyethylene terephthalate) substrate (film having a light transmittance of 86 %), on which is a high refractive index titanium oxide is formed (laminated), then a metallic conductive layer is formed on the high index layer (silver and gold as a second layer), and a high index top layer (titanium oxide) formed on the conductive layer (column 10, lines 60-70).

Yatabe et al. teaches that titanium dioxide, tin oxide and indium oxide are equivalent to titanium oxide for the high index layer (column 5, lines 20-35). Since these materials have low electrical conductivity unless doped, it is the examiner's position that the titanium dioxide, tin oxide and indium oxide materials have the claimed sheet resistance (conductivity) of greater than 400 ohms/square and are electrically insulating.

Yatabe et al. teaches that polycarbonate, polyacrylate (acrylic resin) are equivalent to polyethylene terephthalate (polyester) for the substrate material (column 7, lines 50-70).

Because Yatabe et al. teaches that the conductive laminate is used as a transparent electrode structure for a liquid crystal display (column 9, lines 20-30), there is a layer of liquid crystal inbetween two electrode assemblies. Since the conductive layer in a liquid crystal display

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is patterned into a plurality of discrete electrodes, it would have been a result of routine experimentation as part of the process of electrode assembly to have patterned the top layer in order to divide the conductive layer into a plurality of discrete electrodes. A plurality of conductors would then be connected to portions of the top layer overlying the electrodes to serve as contacts for the electrodes.

Yatabe et al. teaches that a transparent top layer is laminated on the conductive laminate, and is formed of a hard plastic such as acrylic, silicon and melamine resins, and an inorganic material such as silica (silicon oxide) to improve weatherability or surface hardness (column 9, lines 1-15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have encapsulated the conductive laminate with the protective layer with a resultant protective layer on the surface of the substrate away from the conductive layer, so as to protect the entire laminate.

8. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Austin (US 5,556,694) in view of Yatabe et al.

Austin has a touch screen display apparatus (touch-sensitive video display) comprising a display screen (liquid crystal display) with a pattern of a plurality of discrete electrodes (pattern of spaced apart electrode regions) formed from a transparent conductive laminate (column 2, lines 15-65). A liquid crystal display has two electrode assemblies.

Austin, however, fails to teach the claimed transparent conductive laminate layers.

Yatabe et al. has been discussed above, and teaches that the claimed transparent conductive laminate is used as an electrode material for liquid crystal display, and that it has improved light stability, heat and chemical resistances (column 1, lines 5-45) with superior performance at low cost (column 2, lines 1-15).

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Because Yatabe et al. teaches that that the transparent conductive laminate is used as an electrode material for liquid crystal display with improved light stability, heat and chemical resistances at low cost, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used the transparent conductive laminate of Yatabe et al. as the transparent conductive laminate of the liquid crystal display in the invention of Austin in order to obtain a touch screen display apparatus with the desired superior electrode performance at low cost.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Sow-Fun Hon whose telephone number is (703)308-3265. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 9:00 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached on (703)308-4251. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

Sow-Fun Hon

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER 3/